

# Elements of Programming in Perl

<H16-6/7>

## ARRAYS Vectors and Matrices

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## @rrays in Perl

@ → @rrays of scalars

```
@nucleotides = ( "A", "C", "T", "G" );  
$#nucleotides + 1 == scalar @nucleotides  
  
\ → References  
$ary = \@nucleotides;  
$anon_ary = [];
```

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## Working with @rrays

```
@nucleotides = ( "A", "C", "T", "G" );  
  
push array, list  
push @nucleotides, "N", "."; #-> ("A","C","T","G","N",".")  
  
pop array  
$nuc = pop @nucleotides; #-> ("A","C","T","G","N") && $nuc eq "."  
  
shift array  
$nuc = shift @nucleotides; #-> ("C","T","G","N") && $nuc eq "A"  
  
unshift array, list  
unshift @nucleotides, $nuc; #-> ("A","C","T","G","N")  
  
splice array, offset, length, list  
splice @nucleotides, 2, 1, $nuc; #-> ("A","C","A","G","N")  
$tmp = splice @nucleotides, 2, 2; #-> ("A","C","N") && $tmp = ("A","G")  
  
reverse list  
$tmp = reverse @nucleotides; #-> ("N","C","A")  
  
join string, list  
print STDOUT join(":", @nucleotides), "\n"; #-> print "A:C:A:G:N"
```

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## Sorting Array Elements

```
@nuc = qw / G A T C /; @pos = ( 5, 20, 10, 1 );
```

### sort block list

```
@sorted = sort @nuc; #-> @sorted = ("A","C","G","T")  
@sorted = sort @pos; #-> @sorted = ("1","10","20","5") ???
```

**sort works by default on string context not on numeric**

### Forcing string context:

```
@sorted = sort { $a cmp $b } @nuc; #-> @sorted = ("A","C","G","T")  
@sorted = sort { $a cmp $b } @pos; #-> @sorted = ("1","10","20","5")
```

### Forcing numeric context:

```
@sorted = sort { $a <=> $b } @nuc; #-> @sorted = ("G","A","T","C")  
@sorted = sort { $a <=> $b } @pos; #-> @sorted = ("1","5","10","20")
```

### Reverse sorting:

```
@sorted = reverse sort { $a cmp $b } @nuc;  
@sorted = sort { $b cmp $a } @nuc; #-> @sorted = ("T","G","C","A")  
@sorted = sort { $b <=> $a } @pos; #-> @sorted = ("20","10","5","1")
```

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## Building Matrices

```
@matrix = ( [ 1, 2, 3 ], # Taking advantage  
            [ 4, 5, 6 ], # of anonymous arrays  
            [ 7, 8, 9 ] ); # to build N-dimensional matrices...
```

```
print "@matrix\n"; #-> "ARRAY(0x812c7a0) ARRAY(0x812c6bc) ARRAY(0x813ab44)"  
print scalar @matrix, "\n"; #-> "3"  
print "@{ $matrix[1] }\n"; #-> "4 5 6"  
print scalar @{$matrix[0]}, "\n"; #-> "3"  
print "${ $matrix[0] }[1]\n"; #-> "2"  
print STDOUT (@{ $matrix[2] })[1], "\n"; #-> "8"  
print "$matrix[1][1]\n"; #-> "5"
```

```
# Traversing the matrix  
for ($i = 0; $i < scalar(@matrix); $i++) {  
    for ($j = 0; $j < scalar(@{$matrix[0]}); $j++) {  
        print $matrix[$i][$j], " "; # prints:  
    } # for $j # "1 2 3 \n"  
    print "\n"; # "4 5 6 \n"  
} # for $i # "7 8 9 \n"
```

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## Analyzing Sequence Content (II)

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use strict;  
use warnings;  
  
# Initializing variables  
my $dna_seq = "ATGCATTGGGAAACCCCTGTGCGGATTCCTGTGGCTTTGGCCCTATCTTTTCTATGTCCAAGCTG"  
             "TGGCCATCCAAAAGTCCAGATGACACCAAAACCCCTCATCAGACAATGTCCACCGGATCAA";  
my %NUCLEOTIDES = ();  
  
# Looping through the sequence STRING | # Looping through the sequence ARRAY  
my $seq_len = length($dna_seq);  
for (my $i = 0; $i < $seq_len; $i++) {  
    my $char = substr($dna_seq, $i, 1);  
    $NUCLEOTIDES{$char}++;  
};  
  
my @sequence = split //, $dna_seq;  
my $seq_len = scalar(@sequence);  
for (my $i = 0; $i < $seq_len; $i++) {  
    $NUCLEOTIDES{$sequence[$i]}++;  
};  
  
# Printing results  
foreach my $nucleotide (sort keys %NUCLEOTIDES) {  
    print STDOUT "Total $nucleotide = $NUCLEOTIDES{$nucleotide}\n";  
};
```

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## Two Helpful Modules

use **Data::Dumper**;

Stringified perl data structures,  
suitable for both printing and eval

```
perl -e '
use Data::Dumper;
@matrix = ( [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] );
print Data::Dumper->Dump(
    [ @matrix ],
    [ qw/ *matrix / ] );

@matrix = [
    [
        1,
        2
    ],
    [
        3,
        4
    ]
];
```

use **Benchmark**;

Evaluate running times of Perl code

```
perl -e '
use Benchmark;
$t0 = new Benchmark;
# ... code to test starts here ...
sleep(10);
# do nothing for 10 seconds...
# ... code to test ends here ...

$t1 = new Benchmark;
$tD = timediff($t1, $t0);
print "The code took: \n",
    ,
    timestr($tD), "\n";

The code took:
10 wallclock secs (0.0 usr + 0.0 sys = 0.0 CPU)
```

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## Analyzing Sequence Content (III)

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use strict;
use warnings;
use Data::Dumper;

# initializing variables
my $dna_seq = "ATGCATTGGGGAAACCCCTGTGCGGATTCCTGTGGCTTTGGCCCTATCTTTTCTATGTCCAAAGCTG",
    "TGOCCATCCAAAAGTCCAAAGTGACACCAAAACCCCTCATCAAGCAATTGTCAACCAGGATCAA";
my %NUCLEOTIDES = ();

# Looping through the sequence STRING | # Looping through the sequence ARRAY
my $seqLen = length($dna_seq);
for (my $i = 0; $i < $seqLen; $i++) {
    my $char = substr($dna_seq,$i,1);
    $NUCLEOTIDES{$char}++;
}
my @sequence = split //, $dna_seq;
my $seqLen = scalar(@sequence);
for (my $i = 0; $i < $seqLen; $i++) {
    $NUCLEOTIDES{$sequence[$i]}++;
}

# Printing results
foreach my $nucleotide (sort keys %NUCLEOTIDES) {
    print STDOUT "Total $nucleotide = $NUCLEOTIDES{$nucleotide}\n";
};

# Printing data structures (dumping contents of variables)
print Data::Dumper->Dump([ \ $dna_seq, \%NUCLEOTIDES, \@sequence ],
    [ qw/ $dna_seq *NUCLEOTIDES *sequence / ]);
```

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## Analyzing Sequence Content (IV)

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use strict;
use warnings;
use Benchmark;

# initializing vars
my $dna_seq = "ATGCATTGGGGAAACCCCTGTGCGGATTCCTGTGGCTTTGGCCCTATCTTTTCTATGTCCAAAGCTG",
    "TGOCCATCCAAAAGTCCAAAGTGACACCAAAACCCCTCATCAAGCAATTGTCAACCAGGATCAA";
my %NUCLEOTIDES = ();

$dna_seq x= 10000;

my $exectime = (new Benchmark);

# Looping through the sequence STRING | # Looping through the sequence ARRAY
my $seqLen = length($dna_seq);
for (my $i = 0; $i < $seqLen; $i++) {
    my $char = substr($dna_seq,$i,1);
    $NUCLEOTIDES{$char}++;
}
my @sequence = split //, $dna_seq;
my $seqLen = scalar(@sequence);
for (my $i = 0; $i < $seqLen; $i++) {
    $NUCLEOTIDES{$sequence[$i]}++;
}

# timing previous commands execution
push @$exectime, (new Benchmark);
print timestr(timediff($exectime[$#exectime],$exectime[($#exectime - 1)]),"\n";

# Printing results
foreach my $nucleotide (sort keys %NUCLEOTIDES) {
    print STDOUT "Total $nucleotide = $NUCLEOTIDES{$nucleotide}\n";
};
```

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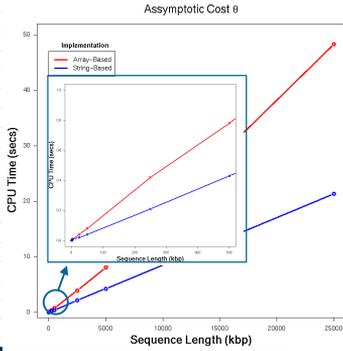
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# Benchmarking Our Code

Sequence length (bp)	Implementations	
	String	Array
50	0.00	0.00
250	0.00	0.00
500	0.00	0.00
2500	0.00	0.01
5000	0.01	0.01
25000	0.02	0.04
50000	0.04	0.08
250000	0.21	0.42
500000	0.43	0.78
2500000	2.16	3.94
5000000	4.27	8.09
25000000	21.32	48.32



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